



INNOVAZIONE E APPROPRIATEZZA IN ONCOEMATOLOGIA

BEST PRACTICES A
CONFRONTO PER UN USO
APPROPRIATO DELLE
RISORSE

23 NOVEMBRE 2016 PADOVA

AULA MAGNA PALAZZINA DEI SERVIZI AZIENDA OSPEDALIERA VIA GIUSTINIANI, 2

Rete Oncologica Veneta e Ruolo dello IOV nella Ricerca Oncologica

Vittorina Zagonel
Dipartimento di Oncologia Clinica e
Sperimentale
Istituto Oncologico Veneto-IRCCS
Padova









The Networks

Networks are the best solution to:

- **≻**clinical
- > research
- organizational and
- > sustainability
- to ensure the best cancer care to all citizens.



Coordinatore: P.F. Conte *Hub*:Istituto Oncologico Veneto, IRCCS

ROV: ambiti d'intervento

(DGR 2067/2013)

Gruppi Multidisciplinari attivati nel 2014



Gruppi Multidisciplinari Attivati nel 2016

Informatizzazione

Indicatori, volumi di attività per PDTA

Schemi di trattamento

Punti di accoglienza ROV

Percorsi Diagnostico Terapeutici Assistenziali

Diagnostica molecolare e Biobanche

Sito WEB

Gruppi di lavoro attivati nel 2015

Raccomandazioni Farmaci Innovativi

Ricerca Clinica

Formazione



EQUITA



>APPROPRIATEZZA

>SOSTENIBILITA'

CONDIVISIONE



Walter Artibani, Umberto Bassi

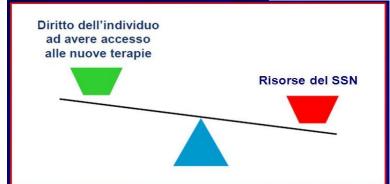






PDTA ROV





What makes the difference for survival and quality of life in cancer patients?

- Professional skills (high volume)
- Technology & facilities (hospital)
- > Multidisciplinary treatment planning
- **➤ New drugs & Clinical trials**
- ➤ Supportive, Simultaneous & Palliative care
- **≻**Rehabilitation



PDTA ROV: punti di forza

- Multidisciplinarietà come cardine del percorso di diagnosi, cura e assistenza, condiviso
- Inserimento delle Raccomandazioni ROV per l'utilizzo di farmaci oncologici sottoposti a monitoraggio
- Precoce integrazione delle cure palliative (modello cure simultanee)
- Inserimento di indicatori di processo e di esito
- > Strumento di governo clinico, organizzativo e gestionale per valutare la performance non solo dei singoli operatori ma delle strutture sanitarie.

Gruppo	Diagnosi e stadiazione	Trattamento	Follow-up	Indicatori di performance	Avanzamento
Colon-retto	100%	100%	100%	100%	Decretato 2015
Sarcomi e GIST	100%	100%	100%	100%	Decretato 2015
Melanoma	100%	100%	100%	100%	Decretato 2015
Mammella	100%	100%	100%	100%	Decretato 2016
Rene	100%	100%	100%	100%	Decretato 2016
Prostata	100%	100%	100%	100%	In attesa di decreto
Polmone	100%	100%	100%	100%	In attesa di decreto
Testa e Collo	100%	100%	100%	100%	In attesa di decreto
Esofago	100%	100%	100%	100%	In attesa di decreto
Epatobiliare	100%	100%	100%	100%	in attesa di decreto
Stomaco	100%	100%	100%	100%	In attesa di decreto
Ovaio	100%	100%	100%	100%	In attesa di decreto
Ereditari Mammella e Ovaio	70%	70%	70%	In corso	
Neuroendocrini	100%	100%	100%	In corso	
Metastasi ossee	100%	70%	70%	In corso	

12 PDTA operativi per fine 2016 entro 2017 previsto completamento di tutti i PDTA

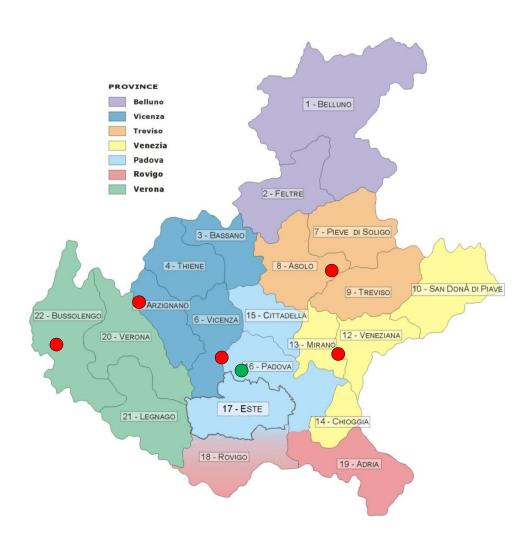


GOVERNANCE DEL PDTA

Il Dipartimento Oncologico del Polo ed i suoi gruppi multidisciplinari



Contestualizzare il PDTA elaborato dal gruppo di esperti della ROV, per renderlo operativo in sede.





Gruppo farmaci innovativi

Valutate 21 molecole e formulate 48 raccomandazioni

- Pertuzumab mammella
- Everolimus mammella
- Bevacizumab ovaio
- Trastuzumab-Emtansine mamm.
- > Aflibercept colon e retto
- > Bevacizumab colon e retto
- Cabazitaxel prostata
- Enzatulamide prostata
- Abiraterone prostata
- > Regorafenib colon e retto
- Regorafenib GIST

- Crizotinib polmone
- > Permetrexed polmone
- > Afatinib polmone
- > Radio 223-Dicloruro prostata
- Paclitaxel-Albumina pancreas
- > Vismodegib basocellulare
- > Sunitinib pNET
- > Ramucirumab gastrico
- Olaparib ovaio
- > Nivolumab NSCLC

Vedi Decreti Regionali o sito ROV

Utilizzo di strumenti condivisi

oecial articles

Annals of Oncology 26: 1547–1573, 2015 doi:10.1093/annonc/mdv249 Published online 30 May 2015

A standardised, generic, validated approach to stratify the magnitude of clinical benefit that can be anticipated from anti-cancer therapies: the European Society for Medical Oncology Magnitude of Clinical Benefit Scale (ESMO-MCBS)

N. I. Cherny^{1*}, R. Sullivan², U. Dafni³, J. M. Kerst⁴, A. Sobrero⁵, C. Zielinski⁶, E. G. E. de Vries⁷

& M. J. Piccart^{8,9}

Table 1. Potential benefits of a new treatment

Living longer

Improved OS

Improved surrogate of OS

DFS (when OS data are immature in adjuvant setting)

Improved PFS

Living better

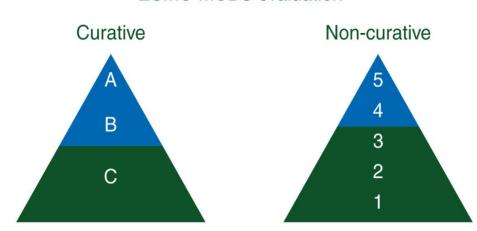
Improved quality of life

Improved surrogate of quality of life

Improved PFS

Reduced toxicity

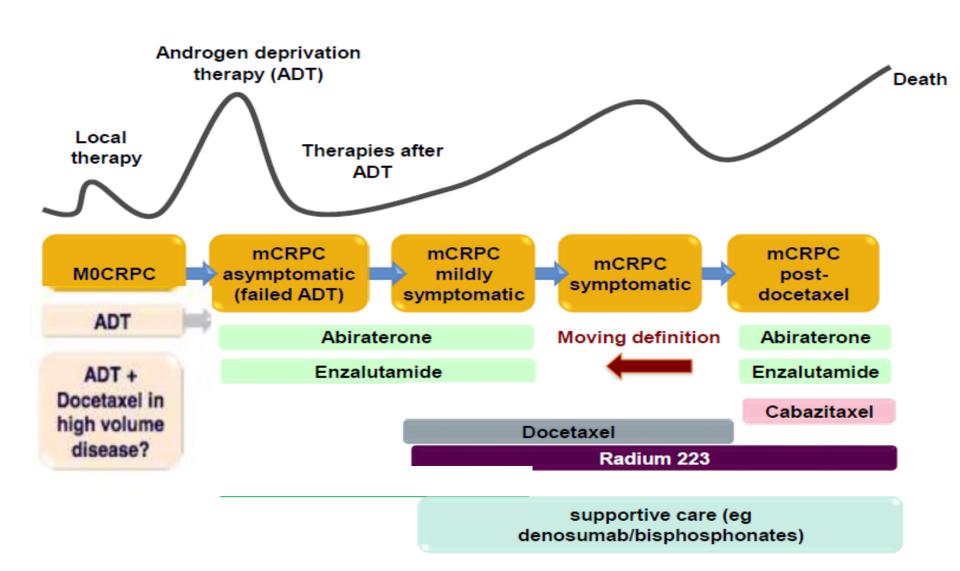
ESMO MCBS evaluation



Curative-Evaluation form 1: for new approaches to adjuvant therapy or new potentially curative therapies

Non-curative-Evaluation forms 2a, b or c: for therapies that are not likely to be curative

Dalla valutazione di un farmaco alla strategia terapeutica: l'esempio del ca prostata



ROV e RICERCA

- ➤ Comunicazione diretta tramite mail e sito ROV delle nuove sperimentazioni disponibili
- ➤ Disponibilità di valutare il paziente per eventuale inserimento in trial
- ➤ Raccolta del materiale istologico per indagini molecolari
- ➤ Apertura ai centri di sperimentazioni indipendenti proposte dallo IOV.











Palazzina Immunologia





ESMO



Designated Centers of Integrated Oncology and Palliative Care

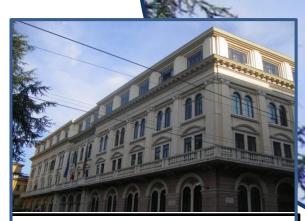


Edificio Radioterapia

IOV, IRCCS **PADOVA**



Laboratori c/o Torre della ricerca



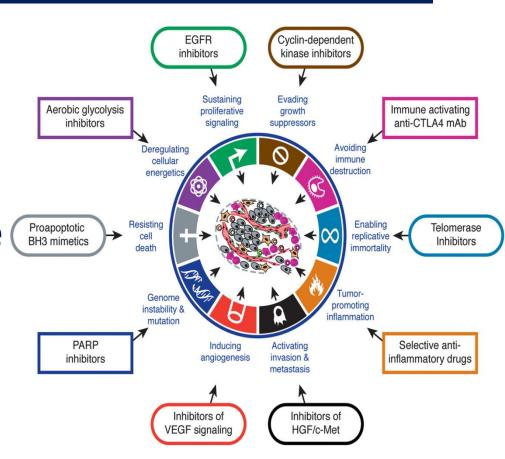
Uffici amministrativi Palazzo S. Stefano - sede provvisoria-

IOV: Quale ricerca?

> Ricerca di base

≻Ricerca traslazionale

> Ricerca clinica



With respect to research the network is crucial to face

- ➤ Biological complexity: all cases of cancer becomes "rare" considering the mutations that expresses
- Scientific complexity It's 'impossible by a single scientist, to know in real time all informations published every day
- ➤ Organizational complexity: you need to share the knowledge to achieve results within a reasonable time

Nuovo test standard di screening per l'infezione da HPV

Efficacy of human papillomavirus testing for the detection of invasive cervical cancers and cervical intraepithelial neoplasia: a randomised controlled trial



Guglielmo Ronco, Paolo Giorgi-Rossi, Francesca Carozzi, Massimo Confortini, Paolo Dalla Palma, <u>Annarosa Del Mistro</u>, Bruno Ghiringhello, Salvatore Girlando, Anna Gillio-Tos, Laura De Marco, Carlo Naldoni, Paola Pierotti, Raffaella Rizzolo, Patrizia Schincaglia, Manuel Zorzi, Marco Zappa, Nereo Segnan, Jack Cuzick, and the New Technologies for Cervical Cancer screening (NTCC) Working Group*

Summary

Background Human papillomavirus (HPV) testing is known to be more sensitive, but less specific than cytology for Lancet Oncol 2010; 11: 249-57

Interpretation HPV-based screening is more effective than cytology in preventing invasive cervical cancer, by detecting persistent high-grade lesions earlier and providing a longer low-risk period. However, in younger women, HPV screening leads to over-diagnosis of regressive CIN2.

Correlazione tra efficacia della terapia antivirale e l'inibizione di hTERT

Cancer Therapy: Preclinical

Clinical Cancer Research

hTERT Inhibition Triggers Epstein–Barr Virus Lytic Cycle and Apoptosis in Immortalized and Transformed B Cells: A Basis for New Therapies

Silvia Giunco¹, Riccardo Dolcetti³, Sonia Keppel², Andrea Celeghin¹, Stefano Indraccolo², Jessica Dal Col³, Katy Mastorci³, and Anita De Rossi^{1,2}

Conclusions: These results suggest that combination of antiviral drugs with strategies able to inhibit hTERT expression may result in therapeutically relevant effects in patients with EBV-related malignancies. *Clin Cancer Res*; 19(8); 2036–47. ©2013 AACR.

Identificazione di nuove mutazioni driver

Human Molecular Genetics, 2013, Vol. 22, No. 4 doi:10.1093/hmg/dds487 Advance Access published on November 21, 2012

Yeast model for evaluating the pathogenic significance of SDHB, SDHC and SDHD mutations in PHEO-PGL syndrome

Elena Panizza¹, Tonino Ercolino², Luigi Mori³, Elena Rapizzi⁶, Maurizio Castellano³, Giuseppe Opocher⁴, Ileana Ferrero¹, Hartmut P.H. Neumann⁵, Massimo Mannelli^{6,7} and Paola Goffrini^{1,*}

The aim of this study was to evaluate whether and to which extent the yeast model may be useful for establishing the pathological significance of missense SDH mutations in humans. The results of our study demonstrate that the yeast is a good functional model to validate the pathogenic significance of SDHB missense mutations while, for missense mutations in SDHC and SDHD genes, the model can be informative only when the variation involves a conserved residue in a conserved domain.

Profilo di resistenza alla terapia antiangiogenica

Cancer stem cells from epithelial ovarian cancer patients privilege oxidative phosphorylation, and resist glucose deprivation

Anna Pastò^{1,*}, Chiara Bellio^{1,*}, Giorgia Pilotto^{1,*}, Vincenzo Ciminale^{1,2}, Micol Silic-Benussi², Giulia Guzzo³, Andrea Rasola³, Chiara Frasson⁴, Giorgia Nardo², Elisabetta Zulato², Maria Ornella Nicoletto², Mariangela Manicone², Stefano Indraccolo^{2,*} and Alberto Amadori^{1,2,*}

Correspondence to: Alberto Amadori, email: albido@unipd.it

Keywords: Ovarian cancer, Cancer Stem Cells, metabolism, glucose, Warburg effect

Received: February 27, 2014 **Accepted:** May 24, 2014 **Published:** May 26, 2014

These observations may explain the CSC resistance to anti-angiogenic therapies, and indicate this peculiar metabolic profile as a possible target of novel treatment strategies.

¹ Department of Surgery, Oncology, and Gastroenterology, Oncology Section, University of Padova, Padova, Italy

² Istituto Oncologico Veneto-IRCCS (IOV), Padova, Italy

Department of Biomedical Sciences, University of Padova, Padova, Italy

⁴ Department of Woman and Child Health, Laboratory of Hemato-Oncology, University of Padova, Padova, Italy

^{*}These Authors contributed equally to this work

Test diagnostico per presenza di cellule tumorali circolanti nel tumore alla mammella



Clinical validity of circulating tumour cells in patients with metastatic breast cancer: a pooled analysis of individual patient data

François-Clément Bidard, Dieter J Peeters, Tanja Fehm, Franco Nolé, Rafael Gisbert-Criado, Dimitrios Mavroudis, Salvatore Grisanti,
Daniele Generali, Jose A Garcia-Saenz, Justin Stebbing, Carlos Caldas, Paola Gazzaniga, Luis Manso, Rita Zamarchi, Angela Fernandez de Lascoiti,
Leticia De Mattos-Arruda, Michail Ignatiadis, Ronald Lebofsky, Steven J van Laere, Franziska Meier-Stiegen, Maria-Teresa Sandri,
Jose Vidal-Martinez, Eleni Politaki, Francesca Consoli, Alberto Bottini, Eduardo Diaz-Rubio, Jonathan Krell, Sarah-Jane Dawson, Cristina Raimondi,
Annemie Rutten, Wolfgang Janni, Elisabetta Munzone, Vicente Carañana, Sofia Agelaki, Camillo Almici, Luc Dirix, Erich-Franz Solomayer,
Laura Zorzino, Helene Johannes, Jorge S Reis-Filho, Klaus Pantel*, Jean-Yves Pierqa*, Stefan Michiels*

Summary

Lancet Oncol 2014; 15: 406–14

Published Online

Background We aimed to assess the clinical validity of circulating tumour cell (CTC) quantification for prognostication of patients with metastatic breast cancer by undertaking a pooled analysis of individual patient data.



HHS Public Access

Mutazione *BRCA1-2* e rischio di cancro

Author manuscript

JAMA. Author manuscript; available in PMC 2015 August 15.

Published in final edited form as:

JAMA. 2015 April 7; 313(13): 1347–1361. doi:10.1001/jama.2014.5985.

Association of Type and Location of *BRCA1* and *BRCA2*Mutations With Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer

Timothy R. Rebbeck, PhD, Nandita Mitra, PhD, Fei Wan, MS, Olga M. Sinilnikova, PhD[†], Sue Healey, Lesley McGuffog, Sylvie Mazoyer, PhD, Georgia Chenevix-Trench, PhD, Douglas F. Easton, PhD, Antonis C. Antoniou, PhD, Katherine L. Nathanson, MD, and the CIMBA Consortium Marco Montagna

CONCLUSIONS AND RELEVANCE—Breast and ovarian cancer risks varied by type and location of *BRCA1/2* mutations. With appropriate validation, these data may have implications for risk assessment and cancer prevention decision making for carriers of *BRCA1* and *BRCA2* mutations.

Fenotipo glicolitico conferisce resistenza alla terapia antiangiogenica

Therapeutics, Targets, and Chemical Biology

Cancer Research

VEGF-Targeted Therapy Stably Modulates the Glycolytic Phenotype of Tumor Cells

Cancer Res; 75(1) January 1, 2015

Matteo Curtarello¹, Elisabetta Zulato¹, Giorgia Nardo¹, Silvia Valtorta^{2,3}, Giulia Guzzo⁴, Elisabetta Rossi⁵, Giovanni Esposito¹, Aichi Msaki¹, Anna Pastò¹, Andrea Rasola⁴, Luca Persano⁶, Francesco Ciccarese¹, Roberta Bertorelle¹, Sergio Todde², Mario Plebani⁷, Henrike Schroer⁸, Stefan Walenta⁸, Wolfgang Mueller-Klieser⁸, Alberto Amadori^{1,5}, Rosa Maria Moresco^{2,3}, and Stefano Indraccolo¹

Our results support the hypothesis that the highly glycolytic phenotype of tumor cells studied in xenograft models, either primary or secondary, is a cell-autonomous trait conferring resistance to VEGF blockade. The finding that metabolic traits of tumors can be selected by antiangiogenic therapy suggests insights into the evolutionary dynamics of tumor metabolism. *Cancer Res*; 75(1); 120–133. ©2014 AACR.

ONCOIMMUNOLOGY 2016, VOL. 0, NO. 0, e1199311 (10 pages) http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/2162402X.2016.1199311

Nuova strategia terapeutica



ORIGINAL RESEARCH

3 OPEN ACCESS

Retargeting cytokine-induced killer cell activity by CD16 engagement with clinical-grade antibodies

Elisa Cappuzzello^a, Anna Tosi^a, Paola Zanovello^{a,b}, Roberta Sommaggio^{a,*}, and Antonio Rosato^{a,b,*}

^aDepartment of Surgery, Oncology and Gastroenterology, Oncology and Immunology Section, University of Padova, Padua, Italy; ^bDepartment of Clinical and Experimental Oncology, Veneto Institute of Oncology IOV-IRCCS, Padua, Italy

Overall, these data provide a new therapeutic strategy for the treatment of Her2 and EGFR expressing tumors by adoptive cell therapy, which could find wide implementation and application, and could also be expanded to the use of additional therapeutic antibodies.

Gruppi Cooperativi Nazionali ed Internazionali

- > GONO
- > GISCAD
- > FIL
- > AINO
- > EORTC
- **>**.....

Ricerca traslazionale-clinica INDIPENDENTE

Nuovo standard di trattamento pazienti mCRC

GONO trial The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Initial Therapy with FOLFOXIRI and Bevacizumab for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer

Fotios Loupakis, M.D., Ph.D., Chiara Cremolini, M.D., Gianluca Masi, M.D., Sara Lonardi, M.D., Vittorina Zagonel, M.D., Lisa Salvatore, M.D., Enrico Cortesi, M.D., Gianluca Tomasello, M.D., Monica Ronzoni, M.D., Rosella Spadi, M.D., Alberto Zaniboni, M.D., Giuseppe Tonini, M.D., Angela Buonadonna, M.D., Domenico Amoroso, M.D., Silvana Chiara, M.D., Chiara Carlomagno, M.D., Ph.D., Corrado Boni, M.D., Giacomo Allegrini, M.D., Luca Boni, M.D., and Alfredo Falcone, M.D.

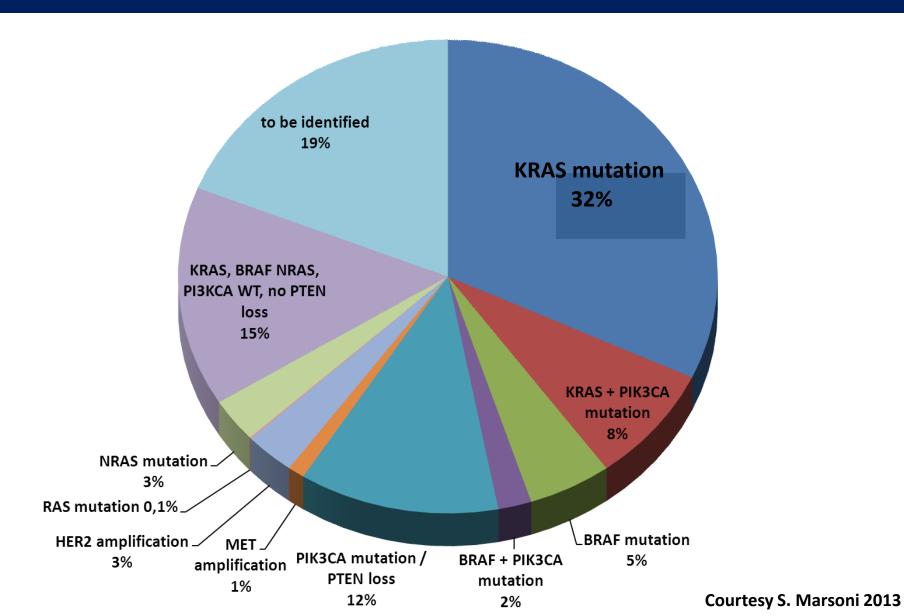


FOLFOXIRI plus bevacizumab versus FOLFIRI plus bevacizumab as first-line treatment of patients with metastatic colorectal cancer: updated overall survival and molecular subgroup analyses of the open-label, phase 3 TRIBE study

Chiara Cremolini*, Fotios Loupakis*, Carlotta Antoniotti, Cristiana Lupi, Elisa Sensi, Sara Lonardi, Silvia Mezi, Gianluca Tomasello, Monica Ronzoni, Alberto Zaniboni, Giuseppe Tonini, Chiara Carlomagno, Giacomo Allegrini, Silvana Chiara, Mauro D'Amico, Cristina Granetto, Marina Cazzaniga, Luca Boni, Gabriella Fontanini, Alfredo Falcone

Summary

Precision medicine stands on exceptions...... mCRC



HERACLES First trial in HER2+ mCRC

Validazione del test molecolare HER2 in oltre 800 pazienti con carcinoma del colon e retto metastatici

MODERN PATHOLOGY (2015) 28, 1481-1491



© 2015 USCAP, Inc All rights reserved 0893-3952/15 \$32.00

148

Assessment of a HER2 scoring system for colorectal cancer: results from a validation study

Emanuele Valtorta^{1,19}, Cosimo Martino^{2,19}, Andrea Sartore-Bianchi¹, Frédérique Penaullt-Llorca³, Giuseppe Viale⁴, Mauro Risio², Massimo Rugge⁵, Walter Grigioni⁶, Katia Bencardino¹, Sara Lonardi⁷, Vittorina Zagonel⁷, Francesco Leone², Johannes Noe⁸, Fortunato Ciardiello⁹, Carmine Pinto⁶, Roberto Labianca¹⁰, Stefania Mosconi¹⁰, Claudio Graiff¹¹, Giuseppe Aprile¹², Barbara Frau¹³, Carlo Garufi¹⁴, Fotios Loupakis¹⁵, Patrizia Racca¹⁶, Giuseppe Tonini¹⁷, Calogero Lauricella¹, Silvio Veronese¹, Mauro Truini¹, Salvatore Siena^{1,18,20}, Silvia Marsoni^{2,20} and Marcello Gambacorta^{1,20}

What it means to be Network



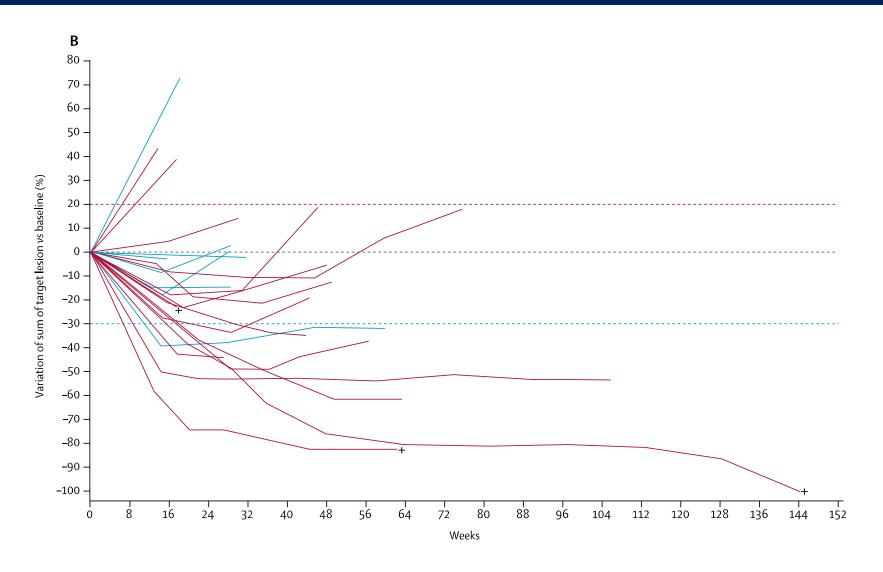
Dual-targeted therapy with trastuzumab and lapatinib in treatment-refractory, KRAS codon 12/13 wild-type, HER2-positive metastatic colorectal cancer (HERACLES): a proof-of-concept, multicentre, open-label, phase 2 trial

Andrea Sartore-Bianchi, Livio Trusolino*, Cosimo Martino, Katia Bencardino, Sara Lonardi, Francesca Bergamo, Vittorina Zagonel,
Francesco Leone, Ilaria Depetris, Erika Martinelli, Teresa Troiani, Fortunato Ciardiello, Patrizia Racca, Andrea Bertotti, Giulia Siravegna, Valter Torri,
Alessio Amatu, Silvia Ghezzi, Giovanna Marrapese, Laura Palmeri, Emanuele Valtorta, Andrea Cassingena, Calogero Lauricella, Angelo Vanzulli,
Daniele Regge, Silvio Veronese, Paolo M Comoglio, Alberto Bardelli, Silvia Marsoni*, Salvatore Siena*

Highlights

- 70% Disease control rate
- > 30% Objective Response rate (2 CRs)
- Long lasting responses in EGFRs resistant patients

HERACLES TRIAL: deepness and duration of response



Sartore Bianchi et al, Lancet Oncology '16

Current FUNNEL Trials





HERACLES A

Lapatinib+ trastuzuman in naïve pts (terminated)

HERACLES RESCUE

TDM1 in antiHER2 resistant pts

HERACLES B

TDMI + pertuzumab in naïve pts



CHRONOS

Rechallenge with panitutumab in secondary KRAS resistance



STARTRK2

Entrectenib Phase 2 (Pharma basket trial including CRC)



ARETHUSA

MMR-status guided Immunotherapy

Courtesy Marsoni S, Candiolo IRCCS







REGOMA trial

Regorafenib in relapsed Glioblastoma

Randomized, controlled open-label phase II clinical trial

Regoma Trial TEAM

Study Coordinator: Dr. V. Zagonel

Clinical Trials and Biostatistics: Dr. G.L. De Salvo

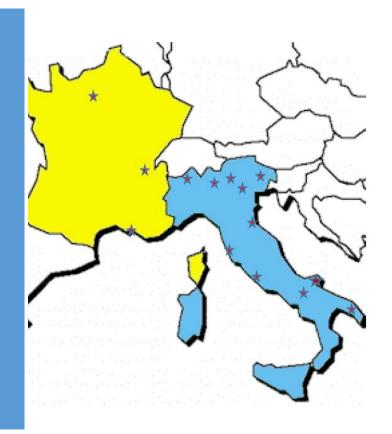
Transaltional Research: Dr. Stefano Indraccolo, Dr. G. Cabrini, Dr. MP Gardiman

Medical Monitor: Dr. G. Lombardi; (+39)-0498215888; giuseppe.lombardi@ioveneto.it

Drug management and pharmacovigilance: Dr. D. Maran; (+39)-0498215729; daniele.maran@ioveneto.it

Data Manager: Dr. M. Farina; (+39)-0498215908; miriam.farina@ioveneto.it

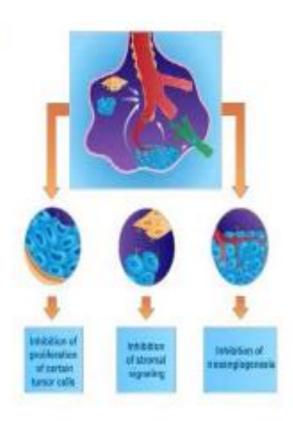
eCRF Coordinator: Dr. M. Braggion; (+39)-0498215524; marco.braggion@ioveneto.it



Mode of Action of Regorafenib



- Regorafenib inhibits multiple cellsignaling kinases:
 - Angiogenic
 - VEGFR1-3, TIE2
 - Stromal
 - · PDGFR-B, FGFR
 - Oncogenic
 - KIT, PDGFR, RET
- T_{1/2} in man: approx. 26-28 hrs
 - Two major metabolites (M2, M5) are pharmacologically active



REGOMA trial

ACTIVE SITES: 11 Italian sites

- IOV Istituto Oncologico Veneto IRCCS (PD) (PI: Dr. Zagonel/Lombardi)
- Istituto Neurologico C. Besta (MI) (PI: Dr. Eoli)
- Istituto Scientifico Romagnolo per lo Studio e la Cura dei Tumori (I.R.S.T.) (Meldola - FC) (PI: Dr. Faedi)
- A.O.U. S. Maria della Misericordia di Udine (UD) (PI: Dr. Rizzato)
- IRRCS "De Bellis" (Castellana Grotte BA) (Pl: Dr. Lolli)
- A.O.U. Citta della Salute e della Scienza di Torino (TO) (Dr. Rudà)
- Ospedale Casa Sollievo della Sofferenza IRCCS (San Giovanni Rotondo – FG) (PI: Dr. Maiello)
- · Azienda Ospedaliera "Rummo"(BN) (Pl: Dr. Daniele)
- · Ospedale Santa Chiara (PI) (PI: Dr. Pasqualetti)
- Istituto Nazionale Tumori Regina Elena (RO) (PI: Dr. Pace)
- Ospedale Bellaria (BO) (PI: Dr. Brandes)

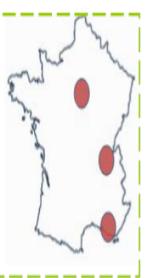


FRENCH SITES:

- Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon Cedex
- •Hopitaux Universitaires Pitié Salpetrière Charles Foix,

Paris

•Hôpital de la Timone, Marseille



REGOMA Newsletter n. 4 September 2016

ENROLLMENT UPDATE:

71 patients were randomized. The final target is 112 subjects. Date of first randomized patient: 25th November 2015 at IOV.

Enrolling sites	N. of Randomized Subjects	
IOV (PD)	23	
Besta (MI)	16	
Città della Salute e della Scienza (TO)	9	
Bellaria (BO)	7	
IRST (FC)	6	
Regina Elena (RM)	3	
Castellana Grotte (BA)	2	
Rummo (BN)	2	
Santa Maria della Misericordia (UD)	2	
Santa Chiara (PI)	2	





Panda Study

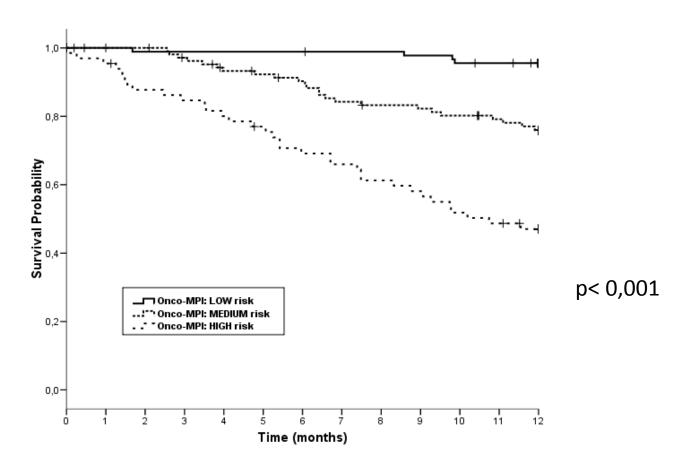
Randomized phase 2 study of first-line FOLFOX plus panitumumab versus 5FU plus pan in elderly RAS/BRAF wild-type mCRC



Co-PI Sara LONARDI Fotios LOUPAKIS

Onco-MPI & mCRC

N = 475



Brunello et al, J Geriatr Oncol 2016 vol 7/6 (suppl 1): s89



British Journal of Cancer (2015) 112, 1921-1928 | doi: 10.1038/bjc.2015.142

Keywords: BRAF; RAS; metastatic colorectal cancer; liver; prognostic

Identificazione di mutazioni prognostiche

BRAF and RAS mutations as prognostic factors in metastatic colorectal cancer patients undergoing liver resection

M Schirripa^{1,9}, F Bergamo^{2,9}, C Cremolini¹, M Casagrande³, S Lonardi², G Aprile³, D Yang⁴, F Marmorino¹, G Pasquini¹, E Sensi⁵, C Lupi⁵, G De Maglio⁶, N Borrelli⁵, S Pizzolitto⁶, G Fasola³, R Bertorelle⁷, M Rugge⁸, G Fontanini⁵, V Zagonel², F Loupakis^{*,1,10} and A Falcone^{1,10}

Ramucirumab versus placebo in combination with secondline FOLFIRI in patients with metastatic colorectal carcinom that progressed during or after first-line therapy with bevacizumab, oxaliplatin, and a fluoropyrimidine (RAISE): a randomised, double-blind, multicentre, phase 3 study



Nuovo standard terapeutico

Josep Tabernero, Takayuki Yoshino, Allen Lee Cohn, Radka Obermannova, Gyorgy Bodoky, Rocio Garcia-Carbonero, Tudor-Eliade Ciuleanu, David C Portnoy, Eric Van Cutsem, Axel Grothey, Jana Prausová, Pilar Garcia-Alfonso, Kentaro Yamazaki, Philip R Clingan, Sara Lonardi, Tae Won Kim, Lorinda Simms, Shao-Chun Chanq, Federico Nasroulah, and the RAISE Study Investigators

Ricerca sponsorizzata

Nivolumab ± Ipilimumab in Treatment of Patients With Metastatic Colorectal Cancer With and Without High Microsatellite Instability: CheckMate 142 Interim Results

Michael Overman,¹ Scott Kopetz,¹ Ray McDermott,² Joseph Leach,³ <u>Sara Lonardi,</u>⁴ Heinz-Josef Lenz,⁵ Michael Morse,⁶ Jayesh Desai,⁷ Andrew Hill,⁸ Michael Axelson,⁹ Rebecca A. Moss,⁹ Chen-Sheng Lin,⁹ Monica Goldberg,⁹ Thierry Andre¹⁰

¹MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX, USA; ²St Vincent's University Hospital, Dublin, Ireland; ³Allina Health System, Minneapolis, MN, USA; ⁴Istituto Oncologico Veneto IOV-IRCSS, Padova, Italy; ⁵USC Norris Comprehensive Cancer Center, Los Angeles, CA, USA; ⁶Duke University Office of Research Administration, Durham, NC, USA; ⁷Royal Melbourne Hospital, Victoria, Australia; ⁸Tasman Oncology Research Pty Ltd, Southport, Queensland, Australia; ⁹Bristol-Myers Squibb, Princeton, NJ, USA; ¹⁰Hopital Saint Antoine, Paris, France

PRESENTED AT: ASCO ANNUAL MEETING '16

Slides are the property of the author. Permission required for reuse



What it means networking

Disponibilità di nuovi trattamenti

studio Check-mate 209-142 con Nivo+IPI

Pazienti con carcinoma del colon metastatico MSI-H

35 pazienti arruolati c/o l'Oncologia Medica 1, IOV

Sintesi dei risultati					
Overall Response Rate %	33.3%				
PFS rate at 6 months % (CI)	66.6 (45.5, 81.1)				
OS rate (6 months) % (CI)	85.1 (65.0, 94.2)				

Nuova terapia adiuvante aumenta la sopravvivenza

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Prolonged Survival in Stage III Melanoma with Ipilimumab Adjuvant Therapy

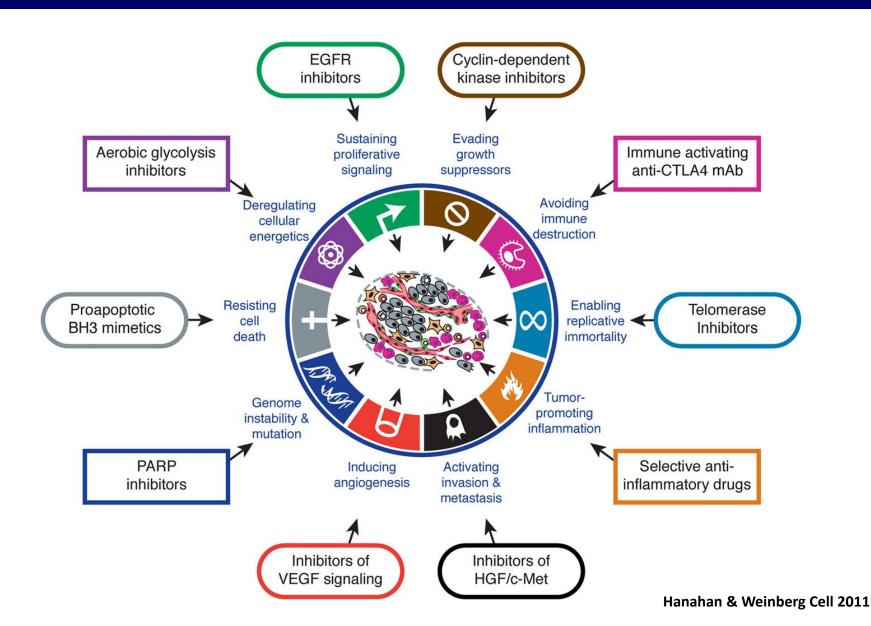
A.M.M. Eggermont, V. Chiarion-Sileni, J.-J. Grob, R. Dummer, J.D. Wolchok, H. Schmidt, O. Hamid, C. Robert, P.A. Ascierto, J.M. Richards, C. Lebbé, V. Ferraresi, M. Smylie, J.S. Weber, M. Maio, L. Bastholt, L. Mortier, L. Thomas, S. Tahir, A. Hauschild, J.C. Hassel, F.S. Hodi, C. Taitt, V. de Pril, G. de Schaetzen, S. Suciu, and A. Testori

N Engl J Med 2016;375:1845-55.

DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa1611299

Copyright © 2016 Massachusetts Medical Society.

Molecular landscape of cancer





Nuovi modelli di presa in carico dei pazienti

journal homepage: www.ejcancer.com



Original Research

Systematic versus on-demand early palliative care: results from a multicentre, randomised clinical trial



Marco Maltoni ^a, Emanuela Scarpi ^{b,*}, Monia Dall'Agata ^b, Vittorina Zagonel ^c, Raffaella Bertè ^d, Daris Ferrari ^e, Chiara Maria Broglia ^f, Roberto Bortolussi ^g, Leonardo Trentin ^h, Martina Valgiusti ⁱ, Sara Pini ⁱ, Alberto Farolfi ⁱ, Andrea Casadei Gardini ⁱ, Oriana Nanni ^b, Dino Amadori ⁱ on behalf of Early Palliative Care Italian Study Group (EPCISG)

Adesione a linee guida

Annals of Oncology 24: 1685–1691, 2013 doi:10.1093/annonc/mdt031 Published online 27 February 2013

Adherence to treatment guidelines for primary sarcomas affects patient survival: a side study of the European CONnective TIssue CAncer NETwork (CONTICANET)

C. R. Rossi^{1,2*}, A. Vecchiato¹, G. Mastrangelo³, M. C. Montesco⁴, F. Russano², S. Mocellin², S. Pasquali², G. Scarzello⁵, U. Basso⁶, A. Frasson², P. Pilati², D. Nitti², A. Lurkin⁷ & I. Ray-Coquard⁷

¹Melanoma and Sarcomas Unit, Veneto Institute of Oncology-IRCCS, Padova; Departments of ²Surgery, Oncology and Gastroenterology; ³Molecular Medicine, University of Padova, Padova; ⁴Pathology Unit; ⁵Radiotherapy Unit and; ⁶Medical Oncology, Veneto Institute of Oncology-IRCCS, Padova, Italy; ⁷Department of Medical Oncology, Leon Berard Cancer Center, University of Lyon, Lyon, France

IOV





- **≻**Anatomia Patologica
- **≻**Chirurgie
- **≻**Servizi

etc

AOU

Dipartimento
Oncologico
Interaziendale



GRUPPI MULTIDISCIPLINARI DI PATOLOGIA

che cosa condividiamo?



MDT: mandatory requirements

- Critical mass
- Documentation/audit
- Core team/associated services
- Patients' rights & empowerment
- Organization (nurse navigator)
- Policy Support



Le reti nazionali

workshop

Presentazione della Rete Nazionale sui Percorsi Oncologici



Aula Pocchiari, ISS Roma, 14 novembre 2016, ore 9.30 Identificare le best practice clinico organizzative del PDTA per il paziente affetto da carcinoma del colon e del retto

- **➢** Arcispedale Reggio Emilia, IRCCS
- ➤ ASST Papa Giovanni XXIII, Bergamo
- Fondazione Poliambulanza, Brescia
- ► Istituto Humanitas, IRCCS Rozzano
- ➤ Istituto Oncologico Veneto, Padova
- **➢Ospedale Niguarda, Milano**
- **➢ Policlinico Gemelli Roma**



Sopravvivenza di pazienti Oncologia medica 1, IOV 2010-2013



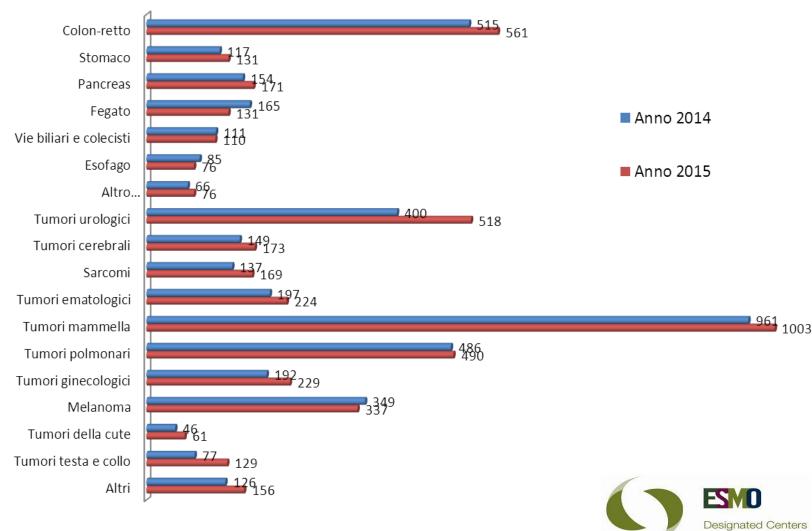


Designated Centers of Integrated Oncology and Palliative Care

TIPO TUMORE	N. Paz in	Paz.	% Paz.	Media	mOS	mOS Paz. IOV/	Mediana
	carico IOV/	non	inseriti	na N.	Paz. non	studio di	ultima
	N. Paz.	Trattati	in trials	linee	trattati	riferimento	chemio-
	Visitati	%	clinici	terapi	(mesi)	(mesi)	decesso
	(%)			e			(giorni)
COLON-RETTO	461/584	9.8	38	2	3.67	24,13 vs 25-30	83
	(79)						
STOMACO	97/127	16	8	1	2.2	10,2 vs 10-13	49
	(76)						
PANCREAS	141/143	11	0	1	1.28	8,6 vs 8,6-11	68
	(99)						
VIE BILIARI	198/315	34	0	1	1,43	13,4 vs 11,7	65
	(63)						
FEGATO	233/335	5	11	1	4.6	9.77 vs 10.7	NV
	(69)						



PRIME VISITE ONCOLOGIA MEDICA



of Integrated Oncology and Palliative Care







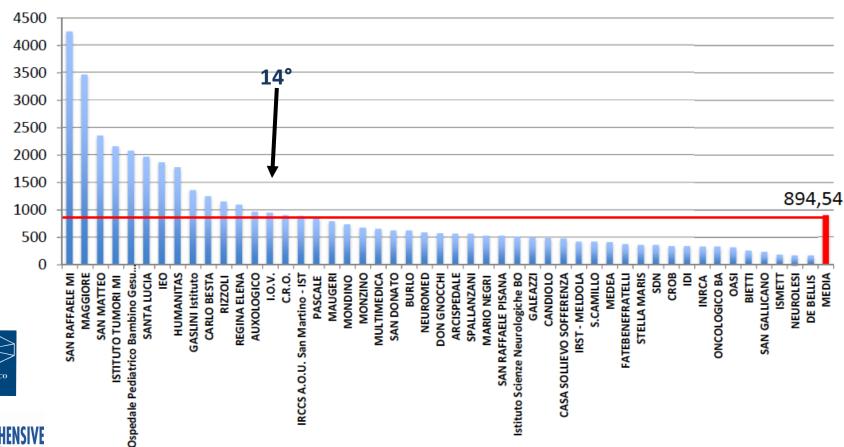
IL CONTESTO NAZIONALE



RICERCA CORRENTE IRRCS Attività 2014

Direzione Generale della Ricerca e dell'Innovazione in Sanità

IFN Validato





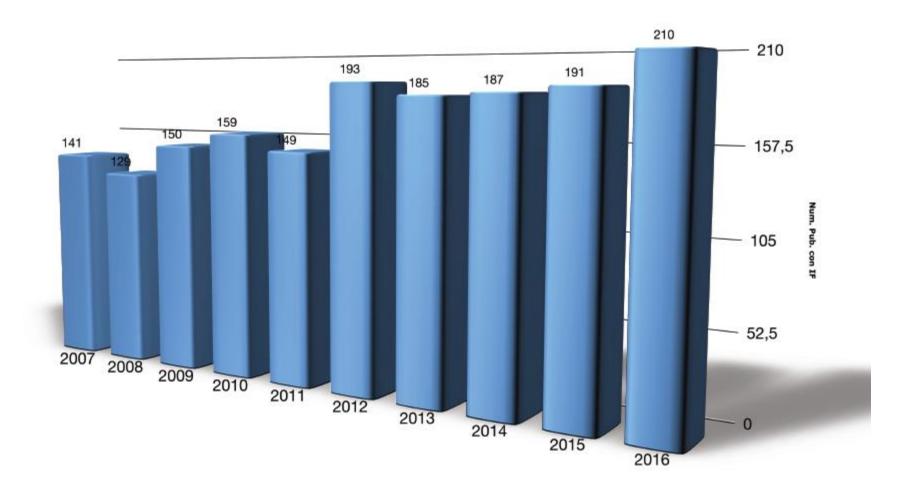




I nostri risultati: numero di pubblicazioni



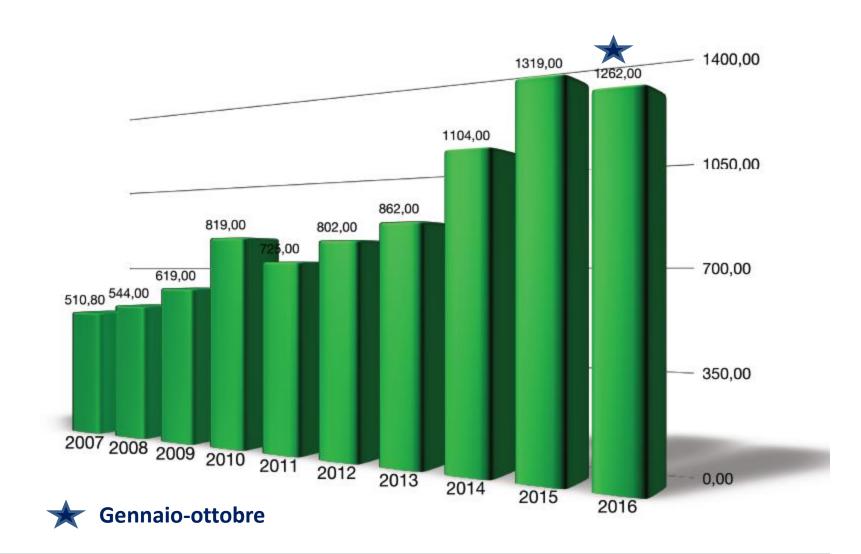






Impact factor grezzo







- P.D.T.A.
- Raccomandazioni farmaci innovativi
- Sperimentazioni cliniche
- Diagnostica molecolare e biobanche
- Informatizzazione



- •AGENAS:PNE
- *ISS*
- AIFA
- •Min. della Salute

RETI

- Organisation of European Cancer Institutes-OECI
- · Cancer Control Joint Action CanCon
- · Accreditamento Strutture per cittadini CE

NON AVER PAURA DI SOGNARE

- Passione
- > Umiltà
- > Ascolto
- > Rispetto
- Determinazione
- > Sfida
- Condivisione



Alberto Mantovani Decalogo per aspiranti scienziati